

Lanchester's Model of Warfare

1. This is a model of warfare. It is assumed that each nation's army is worn down at a rate proportional to the size of the opposing army. If $x(t)$ and $y(t)$ are the sizes of the opposing armies, then

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{dx}{dt} &= -ay \\ \frac{dy}{dt} &= -bx \end{aligned} \quad (*)$$

The war is over when one of the armies is destroyed. Naturally, negative values for x and y are of no interest.

- a) Solve (*) by elimination.
- b) Find the relationship between x and y by finding an equation for $\frac{dy}{dx}$ from (*) and solving it.
- c) Express the system (*) in matrix form and solve it by the eigenvector method.
- d) For system (*), show that if the parameters and initial conditions are such that $\frac{dx}{dt}/x = \frac{dy}{dt}/y$, then $x(t)$ and $y(t)$ both approach 0, and the ratio $y(t)/x(t)$ is a constant.
- e) What relationship between the initial sizes $x(0)$ and $y(0)$ guarantees that y wins (that is $x(t) = 0$ in finite time)?